AL FUJAIRAH NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY P.S.C.

Condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited) For the three months period ended 31 March 2019



BOARD OF DIRECTOR'S REPORT

For the period from 01.01.2019 to 31.03.2019

Al Fujairah National Insurance Company Board of Directors is pleased to announce its Financial Results for the period ended 31 March 2019.

The Company achieved Net profit of AED 12.8 million for the 3 months ended 31.03.2019 as compared with AED 9.4 million for the same period of last year.

The Company achieved Net Technical profit of AED 14.5 Million during 3 months ended 31.03.2019 as compared with AED 10.3 million for the same period of last year.

The Company's premium revenue is AED 67.16 million during the first 3 months of 2019 comparing with AED 60.71 million for the same period of last year.

The Company's Investment profit is AED 1.8 million during the 3 months ended 31.03.2019 as compared with AED 1.9 million for the same period as of last year.

Earnings per share as on 31.03.2019 is AED 12.83 compared to AED 9.5 as of 31.03.2018.

The shareholder's equity increased from 245.6 million as at 31.12.2018 to AED 262.3 million as at 31.03.2019.

ABDUL GHAFOOR BEHROOZIAN

Chairman

Fujairah 14.05.2019



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Review report of the independent auditor To the shareholders of Al Fujairah National Insurance Company P.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Al Fujairah National Insurance Company P.S.C. (the "Company") as of 31 March 2019 and the related condensed interim statement of income, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows for the three months period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

Grant Thornton
Farouk Mohamed
Registration No: 86

OP.O. Box: 1620 7 DUBALU.A.E. 20

Dubai, 14 May 2019.

Condensed interim statement of financial position As at 31 March 2019

	3/3/	1.7		_
	Notes	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED	
ASSETS				
Property and equipment	5	48,901,444	22,159,183	
Investment properties	6	84,550,000	84,550,000	
Financial assets	7	182,749,749	180,414,286	
Statutory deposit	8	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Re-insurance contract assets	9	53,766,756	46,738,385	
Insurance and other receivables		69,870,247	62,462,607	
Due from related parties		9,847,679	1,901,846	
Bank balances and cash	10	148,897,033	130,349,968	
Total assets	,	608,582,908	538,576,275	_
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Capital and reserves				
Share capital	11	100,000,000	100,000,000	
Statutory reserve		32,280,179	32,280,179	
General reserve Cumulative changes in fair value of financial assets at		28,435,019	28,435,019	
FVTOCI		27,062,186	22,192,049	
Property revaluation reserve		11,205,588	11,205,588	
Retained earnings	_	63,330,064	51,574,027	
Total equity	-	262,313,036	245,686,862	
Liabilities				
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity		15,390,996	15,068,307	
Insurance contract liabilities	9	247,952,092	226,589,265	
Insurance and other payables		55,591,817	51,231,841	
Lease liabilities	_	27,334,967		
Total liabilities	_	346,269,872	292,889,413	
Total equity and liabilities	·	608,582,908	538,576,275	1

Chairman

General Manager

Condensed interim statement of income For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018 AED
Insurance premium revenue		67,160,786	60,712,756
Insurance premium ceded to re-insurers		(12,891,894)	(11,739,513)
Net insurance premium revenue	12	54,268,892	48,973,243
Gross claims incurred		(25,573,893)	(29,732,611)
Insurance claims recovered from re-insurers		1,715,132	3,931,489
Net claims incurred	-	(23,858,761)	(25,801,122)
Commission earned		2,737,532	2,274,397
Commission incurred	_	(4,447,542)	(3,645,516)
Net commission incurred	_	(1,710,010)	(1,371,119)
Underwriting profit		28,700,121	21,801,002
General and administrative expenses relating to underwriting activities	_	(14,168,438)	(11,412,291)
Net underwriting profit		14,531,683	10,388,711
Income from investments and others		1,841,902	1,961,081
Unallocated general and administrative expenses		(3,542,109)	(2,853,074)
Profit for the period		12,831,476	9,496,718
Basic earnings per share	13	12.83	9.50

Condensed interim statement of comprehensive income For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018 AED
Profit for the period Other comprehensive income:	12,831,476	9,496,718
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Net fair value gain / (loss) on investments designated at FVTOCI	3,981,422	(30,625,440)
Gain on sale of investments designated at FVTOCI	171,124	2,098
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	4,152,546	(30,623,342)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the period	16,984,022	(21,126,624)

Al Fujairah National Insurance Company P.S.C. Condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited)

Condensed interim statement of changes in equity For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

Total AED	233,729,749	9,496,718	(21,126,624)	1	212,603,125	245,686,862 (357,848)	245,329,014	4,152,546	16,984,022	1	262,313,036
Retained earnings AED	34,712,009	9,496,718	9,498,816	1,028	44,211,853	51,574,027 (357,848)	51,216,179	171,124	13,002,600	(888,715)	63,330,064
Property revaluation reserve AED	11,205,588	1 1	1	1	11,205,588	11,205,588	11,205,588	1	t	1	11,205,588
Cumulative changes in fair values of financial assets at FVTOCI AED	33,388,396	- (30 625 440)	(30,625,440)	(1,028)	2,761,928	22,192,049	22,192,049	3,981,422	3,981,422	888,715	27,062,186
General reserve AED	25,289,298	1 1	ā	9	25,289,298	28,435,019	28,435,019	•	ı	1	28,435,019
Statutory reserve AED	29,134,458	, ,	1	f	29,134,458	32,280,179	32,280,179	•	1	1	32,280,179
Share capital AED	100,000,000	4 \$	1	1	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	1	1	1	100,000,000
	Balance at 1 January 2018 (audited) Profit for the three months period ended	31 March 2018 Other comprehensive loss for the neriod	Total comprehensive loss for the period Transfer to retained earnings on sale of	investments at FVTOCI	Balance at 31 March 2018 (unaudited)	Balance at 1 January 2019 (audited) Impact of adopting IFRS 16 (note 3)	As at 1 January 2019 (unaudited) Profit for the three months period ended 31 March 2019	Other comprehensive income for the period	Total comprehensive income for the period Transfer to retained earnings on sale of	investments at FVTOCI	Balance at 31 March 2019 (unaudited)

The accompanying notes from 1 to 21 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Condensed interim statement of cash flows For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018 AED
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the period Adjustments for:	12,831,476	9,496,718
Depreciation of property and equipment	4,032,238	598,313
Provision for employees' end of service indemnity	322,689	1,091,197
Loss on investments at FVTPL	23,412	719,118
Other investment income	(1,865,314)	(2,680,199)
Interest on lease liabilities	295,871	
Operating each flow before aboness in an autin a section		
Operating cash flow before changes in operating assets and liabilities	15 640 272	0.225.147
Increase in reinsurance contract assets	15,640,372 (7,028,371)	9,225,147
Increase in insurance contracts liabilities	21,362,827	(5,748,716)
Increase in insurance and other receivables	(15,353,473)	24,080,583 (23,795,023)
Increase in insurance and other payables	4,359,976	9,843,499
Cash generated from operations	18,981,331	13,605,490
Employees' end of service indemnity paid	10,701,331	(48,796)
Net cash generated from operating activities	18,981,331	13,556,694
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(977,002)	(1,422,569)
Increase in investment in fixed deposits with maturity over 3		
months	(25,146,093)	(1,753,840)
Purchase of investment in securities	(60,303)	(4,741,018)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	1,853,976	1,032,684
Interest received	908,173	625,687
Dividends received	498,064	1,344,109
Income from investment properties	459,077	710,403
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,464,108)	(4,204,544)
FINANCING ACTIVITY		
Payment of lease liabilities	(3,116,250)	_
Net cash used in financing activity	(3,116,250)	-
NI //1		
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(6,599,027)	9,352,150
Cash and cash equivalents, at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents, at the end of the period	72,517,258	49,156,871
(Note 15)	65,918,231	58,509,021

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

1 Legal status and activities

Al Fujairah National Insurance Company P.S.C, Fujairah (the "Company") is incorporated as a public shareholding Company by Emiri Decree No. 3 issued by His Highness, The Ruler of Fujairah in October 1976. The Company is subject to the regulations of U.A.E. Federal Law No. 6 of 2007, concerning formation of the Insurance Authority of U.A.E. and regulation of its operations and is registered in the Insurance Companies Register of the Insurance Authority of U.A.E. under registration number (11). The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 277, Fujairah, United Arab Emirates.

The Company's ordinary shares are listed on Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange, United Arab Emirates.

The principal activity of the Company is the writing of all classes of general insurance and short term life insurance. The company operates through its head office in Fujairah and branch offices in Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Sharjah and Dibba.

2 General information and basis of preparation

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) No. 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and also comply with the applicable requirements of the laws in the U.A.E.

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED) since that is the currency in which the majority of the Company's transactions are denominated.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of financial instruments and investment properties.

The accounting policies, presentation and methods in these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those used in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 except for the changes in the accounting policies implemented by management from 1 January 2019.

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018. In addition, results for the three months period ended 31 March 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2019.

3 Summary of significant accounting policies

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies adopted in the Company's most recent annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018. Certain amendments to accounting standards and annual improvements, as disclosed in the Company's most recent annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, are applicable on the Company but do not have any material impact on these condensed interim financial statements.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards - Impact of new IFRS

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 – Leases on its effective date of 1 January 2019 using the retrospective approach. IFRS 16 replaces IAS 17 Leases'. Leases will be recorded in the statement of financial position in the form of a right-of-use asset and a lease liability.

Subsequent to implementation of IFRS 16, the Company recognises a right-to-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-to-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus as initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-to-use or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful life of the right-to-use asset is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-to-use is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rates as the discount rate.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-to-use asset, or is recorded in the profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-to-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company presents right-to-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in Property and equipment' and the lease liabilities as a separate item in the statement of financial position.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective transition approach as of 1 January 2019 and therefore the comparative information has not been restated. All right-of-use assets were measured at their carrying amounts as if the standard had been applied since the commencement date but discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The impact arising from the implementation of this standard in these financial statements is as follows:

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards - Impact of new IFRS (continued)

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019
	AED
Property and equipment	
Property and equipment	22,345,196
Right of use – land and buildings	26,556,248
	48,901,444
Right-of-use assets	
Balance as at 1 January 2019 (Unaudited)	29,797,498
Depreciation charge for the period	(3,241,250)
Balance as at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	26,556,248
,	
Lease liabilities	
Balance as at 1 January 2019 (Unaudited)	30,155,346
Lease payments made during the quarter	(3,116,250)
Interest on lease liabilities	295,871
Balance as at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)	27,334,967
(Climatica)	21,334,707
	(Unaudited)
	Three months
	period ended
Amounts recognised in the income statement	31 March 2019
imounts recognised in the meome statement	
General and administrative expenses	AED
Interest expense on lease liabilities	205 074
Depreciation of right-to-use assets	295,871
Depreciation of right-to-use assets	3,241,250
	3,537,121
	44.7
Towns and a second as a second	31 December
Impact on opening retained earnings	2018
	AED
Right-to-use assets	29,797,498
Lease liabilities	(30,155,346)
	(357,848)
	(337,040)

Property and equipment

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, less any impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Other property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than capital work in progress, over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Property and equipment (continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The useful lives used in the calculation of depreciation of property and equipment, other than capital work in progress, are as follows:

	<u>1 ears</u>
Freehold property	30
Motor vehicles	5
Furniture and office equipment	4-5
Fujairah scrap yard improvements	10

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Cost includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met; and excludes the cost of day to day servicing of an investment property. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the profit or loss in the period of retirement or disposal.

Transfer is made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use evidenced by the end of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Company accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property and equipment up to the date of the change in use.

Fair value is determined by open market values based on valuations performed by independent surveyors.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investments in equity instruments are mandatorily classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company designates an investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) on initial recognition.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

At initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

For a financial asset that is a debt instrument to be measured at FVTOCI it must be held in a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

Investments in equity and debts instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cumulative changes in fair value reserve. Where the asset is disposed of, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not transferred to income statement, but is reclassified to retained earnings.

The Company has designated all investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading as at FVTOCI.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses (ECL) on the following financial instruments that are not measured at FVTPL:

- financial assets that are debt instruments;
- financial guarantee contracts issued; and
- loan commitments issued.
- No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECL, except for those financial instruments on which credit risk has not increased significantly since their initial recognition, in which case 12-month ECL are measured.

12-month ECL are the portion of ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after reporting date.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement of ECL

ECL are probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- financial assets that are not credit-impaired at the reporting date: as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).
- financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date: as the difference between the gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows;
- undrawn loan commitments: as the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows
 that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the Company
 expects to receive; and
- financial guarantee contracts: the expected payments to reimburse the holder less any amounts that the Company expects to recover.

The Company has assessed that the impact of IFRS 9 is not material on the condensed interim financial statements of the Company as at the reporting date.

4. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of condensed financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these condensed financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

5. Property and equipment

- Property and equipment additions during the current period amounted to AED 977,002 (Three months period ended 31 March 2018: AED 1,422,569).
- Depreciation charges for the current period amounted to AED 4,032,238 (Three months period ended 31 March 2018: AED 598,313).
- All the properties and equipment are located in U.A.E.

6. Investment properties

All the investment properties are stated at fair value and are located in U.A.E.

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED
Fair value at the beginning of the period / year	84,550,000	90,675,000
Decrease in fair value during the period / year		(6,125,000)
	84,550,000	84,550,000

Investment properties represent the fair value of two buildings and plots of land which are located in Fujairah, U.A.E.

7. Financial assets

The Company's financial investments at the end of reporting period are as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED
Financial investment designated at FVTOCI		
Quoted U.A.E. equity securities	114,203,116	112,877,681
Unquoted U.A.E. equity securities	30,972,467	30,162,553
Mutual funds	4,685,225	4,446,160
	149,860,808_	147,486,394
Financial investments at FVTPL		
Quoted U.A.E. equity securities	9,253,585	9,292,536
Financial investments at amortised cost		
Quoted debt instruments	17,293,176	17,293,176
Unquoted debt instruments	6,342,180	6,342,180
	23,635,356	23,635,356
Total financial investments	182,749,749	180,414,286

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

7. Financial assets (continued)

The movements in investments in securities are as follows:		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019 AED	2018
At fair value through other comprehensive income	AED	AED
Fair value at the beginning of the period/year	147,486,394	152,619,253
Purchased during the period / year	60,303	11,163,115
Disposals during the period / year	(1,667,311)	(4,879,715)
Net increase / (decrease) in fair value	3,981,422	(11,416,259)
Fair value at the end of the period / year	149,860,808	147,486,394
Investments at FVTOCI comprise of the following:		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
Within U.A.E.	133,047,270	131,501,835
Outside U.A.E.	16,813,538	
Camac Cilia		15,984,559
	149,860,808	147,486,394

Mutual funds comprise of investment in local and international funds which are administered by financial institutions domiciled in U.A.E.

	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
At fair value through profit or loss		
Fair value at the beginning of the period / year	9,292,536	11,116,773
Purchased during the period / year	-	3,203,237
Disposals during the period / year	(15,029)	(1,049,530)
Net decrease in fair value	(23,922)	(3,977,944)
Fair value at the end of the period / year	9,253,585	9,292,536

All financial investments at FVTPL are held in U.A.E.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

7.	Financial	assets	(continu	ed)
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U.A.É., Federal Law No. 6 of 2007

7. Financial assets (continued)		
	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019	(Audited) 31 December 2018
	AED	AED
At amortised cost		1122
Amortised cost at the beginning of the period / year	23,635,356	16,600,610
Purchased during the period / year		7,034,746
Amortised cost at the end of the year	23,635,356	23,635,356
Fair value of financial investments recorded at amortised cost investments.	approximates the carr	ying amount of such
Investments at amortised cost comprise the following:		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
Within U.A.E.	6,342,180	6,342,180
Outside U.A.E.	17,293,176	17,293,176
	23,635,356	23,635,356
O Chatata mada wa 14		
8. Statutory deposit	(TT1241)	/A 1'. 10
	(Unaudited) 31 March	(Audited) 31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
Statutory deposit maintained in accordance with Article 42 of		
IIAE Edwald No Cacaca	40 000 000	

10,000,000

10,000,000

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

9. Insurance contract liabilities and re-insurance contract assets

	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
Gross		
Insurance contract liabilities:		
Claims reported unsettled	65,401,735	69,263,824
Claims incurred but not reported	31,569,803	32,515,177
Unearned premiums	150,980,554	124,810,264
Total insurance contract liabilities, gross	247,952,092	226,589,265
Recoverable from reinsurers		
Claims reported unsettled	(25,635,241)	(27,947,853)
Claims incurred but not reported	(5,492,812)	(5,125,281)
Unearned premiums	(22,638,703)	(13,665,251)
Total reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities	(53,766,756)	(46,738,385)
Net		
Claims reported unsettled	39,766,494	41,315,971
Claims incurred but not reported	26,076,991	27,389,896
Unearned premiums	128,341,851	111,145,013
	194,185,336	179,850,880
10. Bank balances and cash		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
Bank balances:	AED	AED
Call and current accounts	63,285,151	40,812,613
Fixed deposits	85,366,769	89,330,075
Cash on hand	245,113	207,280
	148,897,033	130,349,968
	Marine and the second	

Bank balances are maintained with banks registered in United Arab Emirates.

Fixed deposits amounting to AED 2 million (31 December 2018: AED 2 million) are under lien in respect of bank credit facility granted to the Company (Note 15).

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

11. Share capital		
	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED
Issued and fully paid: 1,000,000 ordinary shares (2018: 1,000,000 ordinary shares) of AED 100 each	100,000,000	100,000,000
12. Net insurance premium revenue		
	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019 AED	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018
Gross premium written	AED	AED
Gross premium written	93,331,076	83,728,780
Change in unearned premium	(26,170,290)	(23,016,024)
	67,160,786	60,712,756
Reinsurance premium ceded		
Reinsurance premium ceded	(21,865,347)	(19,470,971)
Change in unearned premium	8,973,453	7,731,458
	(12,891,894)	(11,739,513)
Net insurance premium revenue	54,268,892	48,973,243
13. Basic earnings per share		
	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018
Profit for the period (in AED)	12,831,476	9,496,718
Number of shares (share)	1,000,000	1,000,000
Basic earnings per share (in AED)	12.83	9.50

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

14. Dividends

The Shareholders' General Assembly held on 28 April 2019 approved the payment of cash dividends at 10% of share capital amounting to AED 10 million for the year 2018 (2017: the Shareholders' General Assembly resolved that dividends of AED 10 million would be paid for the year 2017).

The books of accounts were not adjusted with the approved cash dividends for the year 2018 as the same was approved by the Shareholders after the end of the current period.

15. Cash and cash equivalents

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Unaudited) 31 March 2018 AED
Bank balances and cash	148,897,033	113,861,565
Fixed deposits under lien	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Fixed deposits with original maturity over 3 months	(80,978,802)	(53,352,544)
	65,918,231	58,509,021

16. Segment information

The Company is organised into two main business segments:

Underwriting of general insurance business incorporating all classes of general insurance including fire, marine, motor, medical, general accident and miscellaneous. All underwriting activities are carried out in the UAE except for re-insurance which is done principally with companies outside U.A.E.

Investments incorporating investments in U.A.E. marketable equity securities, fixed deposits with banks and investment properties.

Al Fujairah National Insurance Company P.S.C. Condensed interim financial statements (Unaudited)

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

16. Segment information (continued)

	For the three m	For the three months period ended 31 March 2019	131 March 2019	For the three 1	For the three months period ended 31 March 2018	131 March 2018
	Underwriting	Investments	Total	Underwriting	Investments	Total
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
	AED	AED	AED	AED	AED	AED
Net insurance premium revenue	54,268,892	•	54,268,892	48,973,243	ı	48,973,243
Net claims incurred	(23,858,761)	•	(23,858,761)	(25,801,122)	r	(25,801,122)
Net commission incurred	(1,710,010)	ı	(1,710,010)	(1,371,119)	i	(1,371,119)
Income from investment and others		1,841,902	1,841,902	3	1,961,081	1,961,081
Segment result	14,531,683	1,841,902	16,373,585	10,388,711	1,961,081	12,349,792
Unallocated costs (net)	11	4	(3,542,109)	1	5	(2,853,074)
Profit for the period	3	•	12,831,476	1	t	9,496,718
	As	As of 31 March 2019		Aso	As of 31 December 2018	
	Underwriting	Investments	Total	Underwriting	Investments	Total
	(unaudited) AED	(unaudited) AED	(unaudited) AED	(audited) AED	(audited) AED	(audited) AED
Segment assets	192,386,126	352,666,518	545,052,644	143,262,021	354,294,361	497,556,382
Unallocated assets	•	В	63,530,264	ŧ	8	41,019,893
Total assets	1		608,582,908		,	538,576,275
;						
Segment liabilities	330,878,876	•	330,878,876	277,821,106	í	277,821,106
Unallocated liabilities	4	3	15,390,996	r		15,068,307
Total liabilities		8	346,269,872	•	ī	292,889,413
			The same of the sa	THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN COLUM		

There are no transactions between the business segments.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

17. Related party balances and transactions

Related parties include the Company's major shareholders, directors and businesses controlled by them and their families over which they exercise significant management influence as well as key management personnel.

At the reporting date, amounts due from/to related parties included under insurance and other receivables and under insurance contract liabilities, respectively, were as follows:

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED
Due from policy holders	9,847,679	1,901,846

The amounts outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in cash. No guarantees have been received and no expense has been recognised in the period for bad or doubtful debts in respect of the amounts owed by related parties.

Transactions:

During the period, the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	•	
	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2019	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018
Gross premium	12,542,528	3,602,618
Claims paid	749,715	27,506
Premiums are charged to related parties at rates agreed with the ma Compensations of key management staff and Board of Direct	O	(Unaudited) Three months period ended 31 March 2018 AED
Key management staff:		
Short-term benefits	1,971,554	4,305,757
T 1 1 C.		
Long-term benefits	840,273	428,327

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

18. Seasonality of results

Income from investments and others includes dividend income of AED 498,064 for the three months period ended 31 March 2019 (Three months period ended 31 March 2018: AED 1,344,109), which is of a seasonal nature.

19. Commitments and contingent liabilities

	(Unaudited) 31 March 2019 AED	(Audited) 31 December 2018 AED
Letters of guarantee	17,881,653	16,453,121
Capital commitments	841,563	1,902,545

20. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. As such, differences can arise between book values and the fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to materially curtail the scale of its operation or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Fair value of financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Management considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the condensed financial statements approximate their fair values.

Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purposes of measuring fair value

The fair values of financial and non-financial assets and financial liabilities are determined using similar valuation techniques and assumptions as used in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

20. Fair value measurement (continued)

Fair value of the Company's financial assets that are measured at fair value on recurring basis

Some of the Company's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined:

Financial assets	Fair val 31 March 2019 (unaudited) AED	ue as at 31 December 2018 (audited) AED	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Quoted equity investments – FVTOCI	114,203,116	112,877,681	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None.	NA
Mutual funds	4,685,225	4,446,160	Level 3	Adjusted net assets valuation method after adjusting for certain components in financial information of underlying companies.	Net assets value.	Higher the net assets value of the investees, higher the fair value.
Unquoted equity investments – FVTOCI	30,972,467	30,162,553	Level 3	Adjusted net assets valuation method after adjusting for certain components in financial information of underlying companies.	Net assets value.	Higher the net assets value of the investees, higher the fair value.
Quoted equity investments – FVTPL	9,253,585	9,292,536	Level 1	Quoted bid prices in an active market.	None.	NA

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

20. Fair value measurement (continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the condensed statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial assets and non-financial assets that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

31 March 2019 (unaudited)

	Level 1 AED	Level 2 AED	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	AED	AED	AED	AED
Quoted equities	9,253,585	_	_	9,253,585
Financial assets at FVTOCI	. ,,.			7,200,000
Quoted equities	114,203,116	•	~	114,203,116
Mutual funds	-		4,685,225	4,685,225
Unquoted equities		-	30,972,467	30,972,467
Investment properties	-	_	84,550,000	84,550,000
	123,456,701	***	120,207,692	243,664,393
31 December 2018 (audited)				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Quoted equities	9,292,536	_	-	9,292,536
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Quoted equities	112,877,681	<u>=</u> 9	-	112,877,681
Mutual funds		-0	4,446,160	4,446,160
Unquoted equities	-	20	30,162,553	30,162,553
Investment properties		•	84,550,000	84,550,000
	122,170,217	-	119,158,713	241,328,930

There was no transfer between the levels during the period. There are no financial liabilities which should be measured at fair value and accordingly no disclosure is made in the above table.

Notes to the condensed interim financial statements For the three months period ended 31 March 2019

21. Approval of condensed interim financial statements

The condensed interim financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on 14 May 2019.